#### **ASSIGNMENT 2**

Textbook Assignment: "Surface Observation Elements" (continued), chapter 1, pages 1-34 through 1-65. "Surface Observation Equipment", chapter 2, pages 2-1 through 2-9.

- 2-1. After ice crystals or rain droplets form, what process is responsible for their growth in size?
  - 1. Accretion
  - 2. Sublimation
  - 3. Condensation
  - 4. Evaporation
- 2-2. What is the standard abbreviation for lightning that discharges from cloud to ground?
  - 1. LTGCA
  - 2. LTGCC
  - 3. LTGCG
  - 4. LTGIC
- 2-3. Which, if any, of the following photometeors is routinely reported in surface weather observations?
  - 1. Corona
  - 2. Rainbow
  - 3. Mirage
  - 4. None of the above
    - A. SEA-LEVEL PRESSURE
    - B. BAROMETRIC PRESSURE
    - C. STATION PRESSURE
    - D. ALTIMETER SETTING

Figure 2-A

IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS 2-4 THROUGH 2-7, SELECT THE TERM IN FIGURE 2-A THAT MATCHES THE DESCRIPTION GIVEN. RESPONSES ARE USED ONLY ONCE.

- 2-4. Pressure read directly from a barometer.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. D
- 2-5. Identified with the Q-signal QFE.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. D
- 2-6. Indicates a pressure value calculated by applying a constant additive correction factor.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. D
- 2-7. Used by aircraft to allow correct determinations of height above mean sea level.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. D

- 2-8. Which of the following pressure values is routinely used by aircraft flying at altitudes above 18,000 feet?
  - 1. Standard pressure
  - 2. Altimeter setting
  - 3. Sea-level pressure
  - 4. Pressure tendency
- 2-9. Which of the following time periods is NOT routinely used for pressure tendencies?
  - 1. 3 hr
  - 2. 6 hr
  - 3. 12 hr
  - 4. 24 hr
    - A. DRY-BULB
    - B. WET-BULB
    - C. DEW-POINT
    - D. FROST-POINT

Figure 2-B

IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS 2-10 THROUGH 2-13, SELECT THE TYPE OF TEMPERATURE FROM FIGURE 2-B THAT MATCHES THE DESCRIPTION GIVEN. RESPONSES ARE USED ONLY ONCE.

- 2-10. Ambient air temperature air temperature as measured by a thermometer or an automatic sensor.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. D
- 2-11. An approximation that represents the saturation point of air when the temperature is below freezing.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. D

- 2-12. Must be calculated, and represents the temperature to which air must be cooled to reach saturation.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. D
- 2-13 The lowest temperature that may be reached due to evaporative cooling.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. D
- 2-14 Which of the following statements is true concerning the use of a ship's seawater injection temperature as a sea-surface temperature reading?
  - 1. It is the least accurate sea surface temp reading
  - 2. It is the most accurate sea-surface temperature reading
  - 3. No corrections are needed to use injection temperature as sea-surface temperature
  - 4. In the middle latitudes, sea-surface temperature and injection temperature are nearly identical
- 2-15. Wind direction is normally reported and forecast to what degree?
  - 1. Nearest degree
  - 2. Nearest 5 degrees
  - 3. Nearest 10 degrees
  - 4. Nearest 15 degrees

- 2-16. Of the following directions, which one should be reported when the winds are blowing at 10 knots directly toward the south? 1. 000°
  - 2. 180°
  - 360° 3.
  - 270°
- On a ship, which of the following relative 2-17. bearing directions represents dead astern?
  - 0° 1.
  - 90° 2.
  - 180° 3.
  - 270° 4.
- To convert magnetic wind direction to true 2-18. wind direction, the appropriate magnetic declination must be added or subtracted.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False
- What is the standard unit of measure for 2-19. wind speeds used by U.S. military forces?
  - 1. Meters per second
  - 2. Kilometers per hour
  - Statute miles per hour 3.
  - Knots 4.
- 2-20. One knot equals how many kilometers per hour?
  - 1.852 1.
  - 2. 1.1507
  - 3. 0.5144
  - 4. 0.5394
- Which of the following phenomena is NOT 2-21. considered wind character?
  - 1. Mean wind speed
  - 2. Variable wind direction
  - Wind speed gusts
  - Peak wind gust 4.

- A. VARIABLE WIND
- B. GUST
- C. SQUALL
- D. PEAK WIND SPEED

#### Figure 2-C

IN ANSWERING OUESTIONS 2-22 THROUGH 2-25, SELECT THE TERM IN FIGURE 2-C THAT MATCHES THE DESCRIPTION GIVEN. RESPONSES ARE USED ONLY ONCE.

- Rapid fluctuation in wind speed with a 2-22. variation between peaks and lulls of 10 knots or more.
  - 1. Α
  - 2. В
  - 3. C
  - 4. D
- 2-23. A sudden increase in wind speed by 16 knots or more, and remains 22 knots or greater for at least 1 minute.
  - 1. A
  - 2. В
  - 3. C
  - 4. D
- 2-24. The highest observed instantaneous wind speed.
  - 1. A
  - 2. В
  - 3. C
  - 4. D
- 2-25. Wind direction fluctuating by 60° or more.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - C 3.
  - 4. D

- 2-26. What phenomenon is described as any change in wind direction by 45° or more during a 15-minute time period?
  - 1. Gust
  - 2. Squall
  - 3. Wind shift
  - 4. Variable wind
- 2-27. Which of the following wind directions is computed for Foxtrot Corpin?
  - 1. Relative
  - 2. True
  - 3. Magnetic
  - 4. Variable
- 2-28. Which of the following is NOT a factor affecting wave height?
  - 1. Wave length
  - 2. Fetch length
  - 3. Wind speed
  - 4. Wind duration
  - A. HEIGHT
  - **B. DIRECTION**
  - C. PERIOD
  - D. LENGTH

Figure 2-D

IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS 2-29 THROUGH 2-32, REFER TO FIGURE 2-D. SELECT THE WAVE PARAMETER THAT MATCHES THE DESCRIPTION GIVEN. RESPONSES ARE USED ONLY ONCE.

- 2-29. A measurement routinely underestimated from larger ships.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. D

- 2-30. A measurement that is NOT made during a wave observation.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. D
- 2-31. Measured time from wave crest to wave crest, or from trough to next trough.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. D
- 2-32. Best measured by using the gyroscope repeater on a pelorus column.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. D
- 2-33. When observing significant wave height, which of the following observations is most correct?
  - 1. The average height of 100 waves
  - 2. The average height of 50 waves
  - 3. The average height of only the highest 50 waves
  - 4. The average height of only the highest 1/3 of the waves
- 2-34. Which of the following statements is true about swell waves?
  - 1. They take on a sine-wave pattern
  - 2. They are waves that have moved out and away from the area in which they were formed
  - 3. They have distinct wave periods
  - 4. Each of the above

- 2-35. Which of the following parameters are evaluated for Romeo Corpin?
  - 1. Seas and winds
  - 2. Seas and visibility
  - 3. Winds and visibility
  - 4. Winds and precipitation
- 2-36. Which of the following statements is true regarding the danger of shipboard ice accretion?
  - 1. It is a safety hazard to personnel
  - 2. It may cause breakage of wires and antenna
  - 3. It may cause the ship to roll excessively or capsize
  - 4. Each of the above
- 2-37. What is the average freezing point of seawater?
  - 1. +4.0°C
  - 2. 0.0°C
  - 3. -1.9°C
  - 4. -4.0°C
- 2-38. What is the term used to describe a sea ice floe 5 km across?
  - 1. Giant floe
  - 2. Vast floe
  - 3. Big floe
  - 4. Medium floe
- 2-39. What is the term used to identify a piece of sea ice 1.5 m across?
  - 1. Small floe
  - 2. Ice cake
  - 3. Small ice cake
  - 4. Pancake ice
  - A. FRACTURE
  - B. LEAD
  - C. THAW HOLE
  - D. POLYNA

Figure 2-E

IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS 2-40 THROUGH 2-43, SELECT THE TERM IN FIGURE 2-E THAT MATCHES THE DESCRIPTION GIVEN. RESPONSES ARE USED ONLY ONCE.

- 2-40. Any sizable area of seawater enclosed by ice.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. D
- 2-41. A break or crack in the ice sheet.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. D
- 2-42. A long unfrozen or refrozen break or crack in an ice sheet that may be navigated by a ship.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. D
- 2-43. A melt hole through the ice.
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. D
- 2-44. Of the following methods, which one correctly identifies how sea ice topographic features are formed?
  - 1. The accumulation and erosion of snowfall
  - 2. The pressure when ice sheets are compressed
  - 3. The stress when ice sheets are separated
  - 4. They are largely man-made

- 2-45. Which of the following statements is true about the drift of pack ice?
  - 1. The seasons pay a role
  - 2. It drifts to the right of true wind in the Northern Hemisphere
  - 3. The actual drift is about 30° from wind direction
  - 4. Each of the above
- 2-46. In the Northern Hemisphere, the speed of drifting pack ice ranges from 1.4 to 2.4 percent of wind speed.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False
- 2-47. Where do most icebergs originate in the northern hemisphere?
  - 1. Greenland
  - 2. Norway
  - 3. Kamchatka
  - 4. Canada
- 2-48. An iceberg about the size of a truck is called
  - 1. an iceberg
  - 2. a bergy bit
  - 3. a growler
  - 4. a medium floe
- 2-49. Icebergs move more by the influence of the subsurface water currents than by the influence of the winds.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False

- 2-50. Of the following statements, which one is true concerning relative humidity?
  - 1. It is the ratio of water vapor in the air at different pressure levels
  - 2. It is the ratio of water vapor the air holds to the amount it can possibly hold
  - 3. It is a comparison between the actual air temperature and a standard temperature where most people feel comfortable
  - 4. It is an indicator for impending precipitation

# IN ANSWERING QUESTION 2-51, REFER TO FIGURE 1-38 IN THE TRAMAN.

- 2-51. What is the approximate apparent temperature if the air temperature is 90°F and the relative humidity is 80 percent?
  - 1. 115°F
  - 2. 105°F
  - 3. 99°F
  - 4. 89°F
- 2-52. As a General Heat Stress Index measurement, what does an apparent temperature of 101°F mean?
  - 1. Fatigue is possible with prolonged physical activity
  - 2. Heat exhaustion or heatstroke is possible with prolonged physical activity
  - 3. Heat exhaustion or heatstroke is likely with prolonged physical activity
  - 4. Heatstroke imminent with physical activity

- 2-53. Which of the following factors does the wet-bulb globe temperature (WBGT) index consider that is not considered by the general heat stress index (GHSI)?
  - 1. Temperature
  - 2. Humidity
  - 3. Radiant energy
  - 4. Vapor pressure
- 2-54. Computation of wind chill equivalent temperature includes an adjustment for the presence of sunshine.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False

# IN ANSWERING QUESTION 2-55, REFER TO FIGURE 1-39 IN THE TRAMAN.

- 2-55. If the air temperature is 20°F and the wind speed is 15 knots, what is the approximate wind chill temperature?
  - 1. 8°F
  - 2. 2°F
  - 3. -5°F
  - 4. -50°F

#### IN ANSWERING QUESTION 2-56, REFER TO FIGURE 1-40 IN THE TRAMAN.

- 2-56. If the temperature is 15°C, what is the approximate safe time for a person in the water?
  - 1. .9 hr
  - 2. 1.7 hr
  - 3. 2.0 hr
  - 4. 3.0 hr

- 2-57. The water temperature is 40°F and the wind chill index on the surface is 25°F. Which of the following protective clothing should be worn by aircrew personnel in these conditions?
  - 1. Thermal undergarments only
  - 2. Anti-immersion suits only
  - 3. Thermal undergarments and anti-immersion suits
- 2-58. The water temperature is 55°F in the target area. The decision whether or not the aircrew should wear anti-immersion suits is based upon what factor?
  - 1. Number of mission personnel
  - 2. Type of mission aircraft
  - 3. Rescue response time
  - 4. Time of day
- 2-59. If the pressure altitude at sea level is +1,500 feet, which of the following statements is correct?
  - 1. The air is less dense than standard
  - 2. The air is near standard density
  - 3. The air is more dense than standard
- 2-60. If the pressure altitude indicates the air density is more dense than standard, which of the following statements is correct?
  - 1. An aircraft may takeoff with a greater load than normal
  - 2. An aircraft may only takeoff with a normal load
  - 3. An aircraft may only takeoff with a lighter-than-normal load

# IN ANSWERING QUESTION 2-61, REFER TO TABLE 1-5 IN THE TRAMAN.

- 2-61. When the altimeter setting is 30.02 inches and the station elevation is 500 feet, what is the pressure altitude?
  - 1. -591 ft
  - 2. -91 ft
  - 3. 409 ft
  - 4. 500 ft
- 2-62. Density altitude is affected the most by changes in what factors?
  - 1. Pressure and humidity
  - 2. Humidity and altitude
  - 3. Pressure and temperature
  - 4. Humidity and temperature
- 2-63. Given an actual temperature of 25°C and a pressure altitude of zero, what is the virtual temperature  $(V_t)$ ?
  - 1.  $+10^{\circ}$ C
  - 2. -10°C
  - 3.  $+34^{\circ}F$
  - 4. -34°F
- 2-64. The mass of water vapor present in a unit mass of air is known as what kind of humidity?
  - 1. Relative
  - 2. Specific
  - 3. General
  - 4. Total
- 2-65. In the ASOS, how are individual sensors linked to the data collection package?
  - 1. Fiber optics
  - 2. Hard-wired
  - 3. Telephone modem
  - 4. Microwave

- 2-66. How is the ASOS ACU connected to maintenance personnel, the weather office, or other users?
  - 1. Fiber optics
  - 2. Hard-wired
  - 3. Telephone modem
  - 4. Microwave
- 2-67. What is the maximum cloud height measured by ASOS?
  - 1. 5,000 ft
  - 2. 8,500 ft
  - 3. 10.000 ft
  - 4. 12,000 ft
- 2-68. Which of the following data is NOT measured by SMOOS?
  - 1. Cloud coverage
  - 2. Cloud height
  - 3. Visibility
  - 4. Pressure
- 2-69. With visibility greater than 3 miles, the SMOOS cloud height detector can measure a maximum of how many cloud-base levels below 12,000 feet?
  - 1. One
  - 2. Two
  - 3. Three
  - 4. Four
- 2-70. What type of visibility is measured by the SMOOS?
  - 1. Prevailing
  - 2. Runway visual range
  - 3. Tower
  - 4. Equivalent

- 2-71. Of the following display methods, which one is used by the AN/GMQ-29 system to display most of the meteorological data?
  - 1. Indicator dials
  - 2. LED readouts
  - 3. LCD readouts
  - 4. Digital recorders
- 2-72. With each tip of the ML-588/GMQ-14 tipping bucket rain gauge, a signal is sent to the GMQ-29 display controller. What other instrument receives the signal?
  - 1. ML-642 pressure sensor
  - 2. RD-108/UMQ-5 recorder
  - 3. ML-643 dew point sensor
  - 4. GMQ-29 digital voltmeter

- 2-73. Which of the following equipment is NOT normally stored within a ML-41 instrument shelter?
  - 1. An electric psychrometer
  - 2. A rotor psychrometer
  - 3. A maximum and minimum thermometer
  - 4. A rain gauge